

Census 2011: Children and Young People in Queensland

Key points:

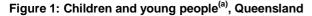
- Children and young people aged 0-24 years accounted for 33.8% of Queensland's usual resident population in 2011
- Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander residents accounted for 88,077 or 6.0% of Queensland's 0-24 year olds.
- A larger proportion of male than female children and young people required assistance with a core activity¹ in both the 0-14 and 15-24 year age groups.
- The proportion of Queensland's 15-24 year olds who were attending an educational institution increased from 43.7% in 2006 to 46.5% in 2011.

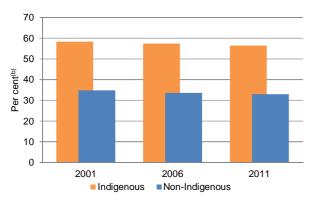
1. Population

On Census night 2011, Queensland had 4,332,739 usual residents. Of these, 20.2% were aged 0-14 years (875,860 people) and 13.6% (587,763 people) were aged 15-24 years. Usual residents who identified as being of Aboriginal and/or Torres Strait Islander origin accounted for 88,077 or 6.0% of Queensland's 0-24 year olds.

The number of non-Indigenous children and young people (0-24 year olds) in Queensland increased by 106,400 (or 8.9%) in the five years to 2011. While the rate of growth in Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 0-24 year olds was higher, at 20.3%, their number increased by 14,844 over the same period (Figure 1).

Queensland's Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander population had a particularly young age profile. In 2011, children and young people aged 0-24 years accounted for 56.5% of all Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander residents, compared with 32.9% of non-Indigenous residents (Figure 1).





(a) Excludes persons where Indigenous status not stated.

(b) As a proportion of persons by Indigenous status.

Source: ABS Census of Population and Housing: 2001 (U05), 2006 (B07) and 2011 (B07)

2. Education

There were 829,031 children and young people attending an educational institution in Queensland in 2011². This included 50,615 people attending pre-school, 379,779 attending primary school, 258,553 attending secondary school³, 32,664 attending a technical and further education institution and 98,121 attending a university or other education institution.

The proportion of young people aged 15-24 years in Queensland who were attending an educational institution⁴ increased from 43.7% in 2006 to 46.5% in 2011. A higher proportion of females (49.5%) than males (43.6%) aged 15-24 years were attending an educational institution in 2011.

A lower proportion of Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander 15-24 year olds reported attending an educational institution in 2011 (33.0%) than non-Indigenous people of the same age (49.6%).

Of the 273,433 people aged 15-24 years attending an educational institution, 32,664 people reported they were attending a technical or further education institution (including TAFE). Just over half of those (56.6%) studied part-time (Figure 2). The proportion of TAFE students aged 15-24 years studying part-time decreased from 62.0% in 2006 to 56.6% in 2011.

The number of 15-24 year olds who reported attending a university or other tertiary institution increased by 25.2% to 98,121 in the five years to 2011. The majority of these students (88.1%) studied full-time. The proportion of university students aged 15-24 studying part-time decreased from 12.7% in 2006 to 11.9% in 2011.

¹The Core Activity Need for Assistance variable was developed to measure the number of people with a profound or severe disability. Refer to ABS 2901.0, *Census Dictionary*, 2011.

² Excludes persons who did not state which type of education institution they were attending. Of all respondents to this question (all age groups), almost a quarter (24.3%) did not state which type of educational institution they were attending.

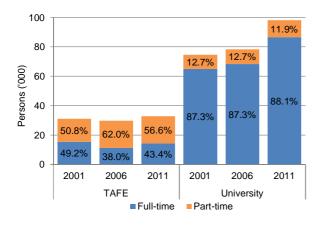
³ Figure may include a small number of people aged 25 years

³ Figure may include a small number of people aged 25 years and older.

⁴ Excludes persons who did not state which type of educational institution they were attending.



Figure 2: Enrolment status of students^(a)



(a) Includes 15-24 year olds only. Excludes persons attending an educational institution where full/part-time student status was not stated and type of educational institution attending was not stated.

Source: ABS Census of Population and Housing: 2001 (custom data), 2006 (B14) and 2011 (B15)

The number of dependent students⁵ aged 15-24 years increased by 14.7% from 153,842 in 2006 to 176,480 in 2011.

3. Income

In 2011, 8.8% of females aged 20-24 years (12,942) earned \$1,000 or more per week compared with 17.7% of males the same age (26,097).

4. Families

Partnerships

At the time of the 2011 Census, almost three-quarters (74.0%) of 20-24 year olds were not married. However, almost one-fifth (19.5%) of 20-24 year olds were living in a de facto marriage and 6.6% were living in a registered marriage.

Children

At the time of the 2011 Census, 77.0% of 20-24 year old females had no children⁶, 10.3% had one child and 4.5% had two children.

Grandparent families

In Queensland, on Census night 2011, 3,474 children aged 0-14 years were living in grandparent families⁷, that is, in households with a grandparent present, but no resident parent.

In 2011, 1.9% of all Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander children (1,050 children) were found to be

living in a grandparent family, compared with 0.3% of non-Indigenous children (2,298 children)⁸.

5. Wellbeing

In 2011, there were 18,163 people aged 0-14 years and 10,493 people aged 15-24 years who needed assistance with a core activity¹ in Queensland. Of 0-14 year olds who needed assistance, two-thirds (66.6%) were male. Similarly, among 15-24 year olds needing assistance, 61.1% were male.

Children and young people represented 14.9% of all people in Queensland who required assistance with a core activity in 2011 compared with 13.8% in 2006.

6. Community engagement

Unpaid assistance

In Queensland, 4.4% of all young people aged 15-24 years provided unpaid assistance to a person with a disability in the two weeks prior to Census night in 2011. More than half (56.9%) of those who provided assistance in this age group were female.

Volunteer work

In the 12 months prior to the 2011 Census, 16.2% of all 15-24 year olds had undertaken voluntary work for an organisation or group in Queensland. There were 95,256 volunteers in Queensland aged 15-24 years, representing 14.8% of all volunteers in Queensland. More than half of young volunteers were female (55.5%).

For more information, please see OESR's Queensland Regional Profiles and Queensland Regional Database at www.oesr.qld.gov.au.

All data in this report were sourced from the Australian Bureau of Statistics' Censuses of Population and Housing (www.abs.gov.au).

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⁵ Refer to ABS 2901.0, *Census Dictionary*, 2011.

⁶ The proportions stated here refer to 'children ever born'. However, 6.7% of 20-24 year old women did not provide a response to this question. This variable counts the number of live births to women aged 15 or older.

⁷ The grandparent family category identifies families where there are only grandparents and grandchildren living in the family.

⁸ These proportions were calculated using a denominator which included only children (Aboriginal and Torres Strait Islander and non-Indigenous respectively) able to be identified as living in a family on Census night.