

Employment by occupation, June quarter 2022

Source: ABS 6291.0.55.003, released 23 June 2022, 11:30 am AEST

Key data

Table 1 Employed persons by occupation (annual change^(a))

Occupation	Qld	Aus
	— % —	
Managers	0.9	4.6
Professionals	7.7	4.3
Technicians and trades workers	5.3	2.5
Community and personal service workers	14.6	5.5
Clerical and administrative workers	0.4	2.2
Sales workers	3.0	1.7
Machinery operators and drivers	6.0	4.2
Labourers	-0.7	-2.2
Total	4.8	3.1

(a) Year to June quarter 2022 on year to June quarter 2021.

Main findings

Note: Data in this brief are based on 4-quarter moving averages.

- In the May reference month of June quarter 2022, there were 2,706,905 employed persons in Queensland, which accounted for 20.3% of Australia's total employment.
- Over the year to June quarter 2022, the largest percentage increase in employment in Queensland occurred in the occupation group *Community and personal service workers* (up 14.6%), followed by *Professionals* (up 7.7%). In Australia, the largest percentage increase occurred in the occupation group *Community and personal service workers* (up 5.5%).
- Over the year to June quarter 2022, the occupation group *Professionals* recorded the largest contribution to employment changes in Queensland (1.7 percentage points), followed by *Community and personal service workers* (1.6 percentage points). In comparison, the occupation group *Labourers* recorded the largest detraction in Queensland (-0.1 percentage point) (Figure 1).
- During June quarter 2022, the occupation group *Professionals* had the largest percentage of total employment in Queensland (22.8%), followed by *Technicians and trades workers* (14.5%). The largest percentage in total employment in Australia was also in *Professionals* (26.1%) (Figure 2).

Figure 1 Contribution to employment changes by occupation group, year to June quarter 2022

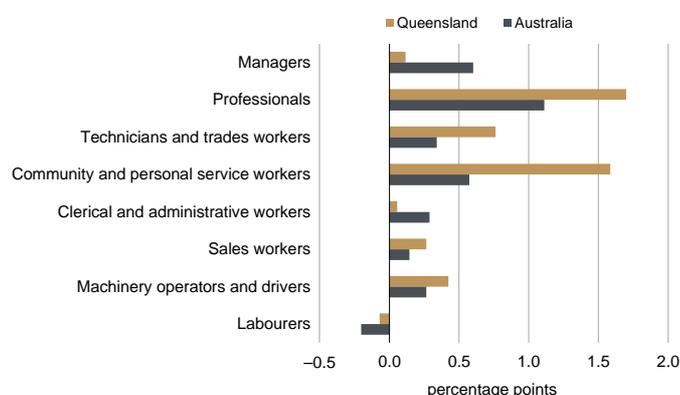


Figure 2 Percentage of employed persons by occupation of employment, June quarter 2022



Notes

The labour force statistics presented in this brief are based on a sample and are subject to sampling error. As such these estimates will exhibit, in some cases, large volatility in quarterly changes. Extreme caution should be used when making inferences from these estimates.

Occupation was coded to the ABS 2013 v1.2 Australian and New Zealand Standard Classification of Occupations (ANZSCO).