

Exports of Queensland goods overseas, December 2022

Source: ABS, *International trade in goods and services, Australia*, released 7 February 2023

Key data

Value and change in value over year ending:

Queensland..... \$137.2B ↑ \$56.7B (70.5%)
Australia \$594.5B ↑ \$134.8B (29.3%)

Main findings

The commentary below is based on nominal values (in Australian dollars), therefore movements are affected by price and quantity changes. Data are based on exports of goods overseas by state of origin. Data excludes service and interstate exports. The latest six months data are preliminary and subject to revision.

- The value of Queensland exports increased \$56.7 billion to be \$137.2 billion over the year to December 2022. Australia's export value increased by \$134.8 billion over this period (Figure 1).
- The largest increase in the value of non-confidentialised Queensland commodity exports for the year ending December 2022 was recorded in *Mineral fuels and lubricants* (increasing \$48.0 billion) (Table 1).
- The largest decrease in the value of non-confidentialised Queensland commodity exports for the year ending December 2022 was recorded in *Non-ferrous metals* (decreasing \$109.5 million).
- The *Mineral fuels and lubricants* commodity group recorded the largest non-confidentialised export value from Queensland for the year to December 2022 with \$82.9 billion.
- Japan was Queensland's largest export destination over the year to December 2022 with \$27.7 billion (Table 2). This was an increase of \$15.1 billion from the year to December 2021. India was Queensland's second largest export destination with \$21.4 billion (an increase of \$9.4 billion over the period).

Figure 1 Exports of goods overseas, value, year ending

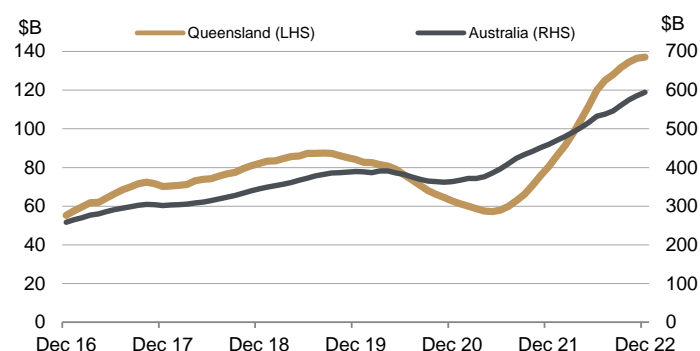


Table 1 Queensland exports by commodity^(a), year ending

Commodity	Dec 22	Annual change	
	\$m	\$m	%
Food and live animals	10,308.0	1,297.6	14.4
<i>Meat and meat preparations</i>	6,550.2	458.8	7.5
<i>Vegetables and fruit</i>	942.4	8.2	0.9
Beverages and tobacco	119.8	18.9	18.7
Crude materials	7,157.3	2,063.5	40.5
<i>Metalliferous ores and metal scrap</i>	6,494.2	1,867.1	40.4
Mineral fuels and lubricants	82,932.8	48,021.9	137.6
<i>Coal, coke and briquettes^(b)</i>	82,820.6	47,988.2	137.8
Animal and vegetable oils	469.9	72.1	18.1
Chemicals and related products	1,428.2	311.9	27.9
Manufactured goods	5,408.9	7.9	0.1
<i>Non-ferrous metals</i>	4,778.8	-109.5	-2.2
Machinery and transport equipment	2,363.5	298.0	14.4
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	758.0	92.2	13.8
Commodities nec ^{(c)(d)}	26,231.5	4,550.6	21.0
Total all commodities^(c)	137,178.0	56,734.7	70.5

nec = not elsewhere classified

- (a) Based on the Standard International Trade Classification Revision 4 commodity classification (with some labels abbreviated).
 (b) As of October 2021, semi-soft coking metallurgical coal and PCI coal became unconfidentialised and is not included in 'Commodities nec'.
 (c) From June 2013, the ABS changed the treatment of certain commodities to maintain confidentiality. This resulted in some commodities (such as sugar) not being included in state level exports. As a consequence total exports at a state level are understated.
 (d) Includes confidentialised export commodities such as LNG, alumina and cotton. Semi-soft coking metallurgical coal and PCI coal is also included to September 2021.

Table 2 Queensland exports by country, year ending

Rank (change)	Country	Dec 22	Annual change	
		\$m	\$m	%
1 (▲1)	Japan	27,674.4	15,113.2	120.3
2 (▲1)	India	21,434.2	9,425.1	78.5
3 (▲1)	Korea, Republic of	19,743.8	8,267.1	72.0
4 (▼3)	China	18,752.5	3,430.5	22.4
5 (▲1)	Taiwan	6,816.3	3,562.9	109.5
6 (▼1)	Vietnam	6,674.5	3,268.6	96.0
7 (▲2)	Malaysia	4,355.6	2,180.2	100.2
8 (▲2)	Netherlands	4,280.3	2,586.7	152.7
9 (▼1)	United States of America	3,065.4	881.8	40.4
10 (▼3)	Indonesia	2,987.1	609.0	25.6
	Other countries	21,393.7	7,409.7	53.0
	Total all countries	137,178.0	56,734.7	70.5