

# Exports of Queensland goods overseas, June 2023

Source: ABS, *International trade in goods and services, Australia*, released 3 August 2023

## Key data

### Value and change in value over year ending:

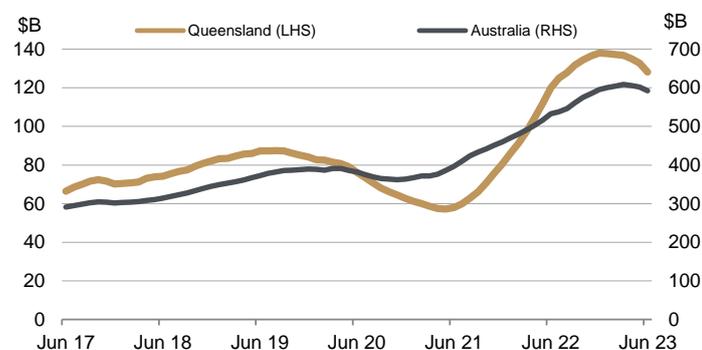
Queensland..... \$128.2B ↑ \$8.2B (6.8%)  
Australia ..... \$592.4B ↑ \$59.5B (11.2%)

## Main findings

The commentary below is based on nominal values (in Australian dollars), therefore movements are affected by price and quantity changes. Data are based on exports of goods overseas by state of origin. Data excludes service and interstate exports. The latest six months data are preliminary and subject to revision.

- The value of Queensland exports increased \$8.2 billion to be \$128.2 billion over the year to June 2023. Australia's export value increased by \$59.5 billion over this period (Figure 1).
- The largest increase in the value of non-confidentialised Queensland commodity exports for the year ending June 2023 was recorded in *Mineral fuels and lubricants* (increasing \$2.3 billion) (Table 1).
- The largest decrease in the value of non-confidentialised Queensland commodity exports for the year ending June 2023 was recorded in *Animal and vegetable oils* (decreasing \$20.5 million).
- The *Mineral fuels and lubricants* commodity group recorded the largest non-confidentialised export value from Queensland for the year to June 2023 with \$72.0 billion.
- Japan was Queensland's largest export destination over the year to June 2023 with \$25.0 billion (Table 2). This was an increase of \$3.2 billion from the year to June 2022. China was Queensland's second largest export destination with \$22.0 billion (an increase of \$5.3 billion over the period).

**Figure 1 Exports of goods overseas, value, year ending**



**Table 1 Queensland exports by commodity<sup>(a)</sup>, year ending**

Commodity	Jun 23	Annual change	
	\$m	\$m	%
Food and live animals	11,420.6	1,702.0	17.5
<i>Meat and meat preparations</i>	7,095.1	671.2	10.4
<i>Vegetables and fruit</i>	963.9	42.6	4.6
Beverages and tobacco	119.9	1.3	1.1
Crude materials	6,877.2	544.2	8.6
<i>Metalliferous ores and metal scrap</i>	6,187.9	382.7	6.6
Mineral fuels and lubricants	71,965.0	2,260.3	3.2
<i>Coal, coke and briquettes<sup>(b)</sup></i>	71,701.2	2,089.2	3.0
Animal and vegetable oils	463.8	-20.5	-4.2
Chemicals and related products	1,310.6	20.1	1.6
Manufactured goods	5,607.8	94.1	1.7
<i>Non-ferrous metals</i>	4,960.9	10.5	0.2
Machinery and transport equipment	2,619.2	373.7	16.6
Miscellaneous manufactured articles	749.6	18.1	2.5
Commodities nec <sup>(c)(d)</sup>	27,030.3	3,195.4	13.4
<b>Total all commodities<sup>(c)</sup></b>	<b>128,164.0</b>	<b>8,188.7</b>	<b>6.8</b>

nec = not elsewhere classified

- (a) Based on the Standard International Trade Classification Revision 4 commodity classification (with some labels abbreviated).  
 (b) As of October 2021, semi-soft coking metallurgical coal and PCI coal became unconfidentialised and is not included in 'Commodities nec'.  
 (c) From June 2013, the ABS changed the treatment of certain commodities to maintain confidentiality. This resulted in some commodities (such as sugar) not being included in state level exports. As a consequence total exports at a state level are understated.  
 (d) Includes confidentialised export commodities such as LNG, alumina and cotton. Semi-soft coking metallurgical coal and PCI coal is also included to September 2021.

**Table 2 Queensland exports by country, year ending**

Rank (change)	Country	Jun 23	Annual change	
		\$m	\$m	%
1 (-)	Japan	25,033.8	3,180.6	14.6
2 (▲2)	China	22,034.7	5,265.2	31.4
3 (▼1)	India	17,717.4	-2,656.4	-13.0
4 (▼1)	Korea, Republic of	17,351.8	-595.7	-3.3
5 (▲1)	Taiwan	6,145.0	701.7	12.9
6 (▼1)	Vietnam	5,642.9	8.0	0.1
7 (▲1)	Malaysia	4,723.9	1,660.5	54.2
8 (▼1)	Netherlands	3,329.5	-552.4	-14.2
9 (▲1)	United States of America	3,117.6	464.3	17.5
10 (▼1)	Indonesia	2,893.9	-135.6	-4.5
	Other countries	20,173.6	848.6	4.4
	<b>Total all countries</b>	<b>128,164.0</b>	<b>8,188.7</b>	<b>6.8</b>